## Exercises Singularity Theory

- 1. (2 points) Let  $g(x, y, z) = z^p + f(x, y) \in \mathcal{R}_3$  with  $f \in \mathcal{R}_2$ ,  $p \in \mathbb{N}$ . Determine a formula for the Milnor number of g in terms of the Milnor number of f.
- 2. (3 points) Let  $\mathcal{A}$  be an ideal of  $\mathcal{R}_n$ .
  - (a) Using Nakayama's Lemma, prove that  $\mathcal{R}_n/\mathcal{A}$  is finite dimensional over k if and only if  $\exists k \geq 1$  such that  $\mathbf{m}_{\mathcal{R}_n}^k \subseteq \mathcal{A}$ .
  - (b) Assume that  $0 < \dim(\mathcal{R}_n/\mathcal{A}) < \infty$ . Show that  $\exists k, l \ge 1$  such that  $\mathbf{m}_{\mathcal{R}_n}^k \subseteq \mathcal{A} \subseteq \mathbf{m}_{\mathcal{R}_n}^l$  and  $\mathbf{m}_{\mathcal{R}_n}^{k-1} \not\subseteq \mathcal{A} \not\subseteq \mathbf{m}_{\mathcal{R}_n}^{l+1}$ .
  - (c) Let be  $l \ge 0$ . Show that  $\mathbf{m}_{\mathcal{R}_1}^l \subset \mathcal{R}_1$  is the unique ideal  $\mathcal{A} \subset \mathcal{R}_1$  satisfying dim $(\mathcal{R}_1/\mathcal{A}) = l$ .
- 3. (1+2 points)
  - (a) Show that for any  $f \in \mathbf{m}_{\mathcal{R}_n}^2$  with determinacy d

$$\mu(f) \le \binom{n+d}{n} - 1$$

(b) Show that for any  $f \in \mathbf{m}_{\mathcal{R}_n}^k$  and any  $l \in \mathbb{N}$ 

$$\mu(f) \ge \binom{n+k+l-1}{k+l-1} - n\binom{n+l}{l}.$$

(Hint: Start by proving that for all l one has  $J_f + \mathbf{m}_{\mathcal{R}_n}^{k+l} = \mathcal{R}_n^{\leq l} \partial_{x_1} f + \ldots + \mathcal{R}_n^{\leq l} \partial_{x_n} f + \mathbf{m}_{\mathcal{R}_n}^{k+l}$ where  $\mathcal{R}^{\leq l}$  denotes the space of polynomials of degree at most l.)