

Exercises Singularity Theory

1. (3 points)

Consider the space $\mathcal{T}(n, \mathbb{R})$ of upper triangular matrices and the space of $\text{Sym}(n, \mathbb{R})$ of symmetric matrices.

- (a) Show that both are $\frac{1}{2}n(n+1)$ -dimensional real vector spaces.
- (b) Let D_0 be a fixed diagonal matrix and $\alpha : \mathcal{T}(n, \mathbb{R}) \rightarrow \text{Sym}(n, \mathbb{R})$ be given as $\alpha(T) := T^{tr} \cdot D_0 \cdot T$. Show that α is a local diffeomorphism at $\text{Id} \in \mathcal{T}(n, \mathbb{R})$ in the following way.
 - i. Show that α is smooth.
 - ii. Show that $D\alpha(\text{Id})$ is the linear map $\mathcal{T}(n, \mathbb{R}) \rightarrow \text{Sym}(n, \mathbb{R})$ defined by $T \mapsto T^{tr} \cdot D_0 + D_0 \cdot T$.
 - iii. Show that $D\alpha(\text{Id})$ is injective (Hint: use the fact that T is upper triangular) and hence also surjective.

2. (4 points)

Construct a local diffeomorphism at $0 \in \mathbb{R}^2$ which transforms the germ

$$f = x^2 + y^2 + x^2y + xy^2 \in \mathcal{E}_{\mathbb{R}^2, 0}$$

into the germ

$$f = x^2 + y^2 \in \mathcal{E}_{\mathbb{R}^2, 0}.$$

Hint: Use the proof of the Morse lemma.

3. (2 points)

- (a) Let $A, B \subset \mathbb{R}^n$ open sets and (A, p) resp. (B, p) germs of sets. Show that the intersection $(A, p) \cap (B, p)$ is a well defined germ of a set.
- (b) Show analogously that the product of germs $(A, p) \times (B, q)$ is well-defined.
- (c) Show that a map germ $[f]_p = (f, p)$ has a well-defined set germ (A, p) on which it is defined.