

Aufgabe 22.20

Lösen Sie die Anfangswertaufgabe $\dot{x} = 2y$
 $\dot{y} = 3x - 5y$
 $\dot{z} = 2x - 4y + z$
 $x(0) = 3, y(0) = -2, z(0) = -1$!

Lösung:

$$\begin{vmatrix} -\lambda & 2 & 0 \\ 3 & -5-\lambda & 0 \\ 2 & -4 & 1-\lambda \end{vmatrix} = (1-\lambda) \begin{vmatrix} -\lambda & 2 \\ 3 & -5-\lambda \end{vmatrix} = (1-\lambda)(\lambda^2 + 5\lambda - 6) = 0$$

$$\lambda_1 = 1, \lambda_{2/3} = -\frac{5}{2} \pm \sqrt{\frac{25}{4} + \frac{24}{4}} = -\frac{5}{2} \pm \frac{7}{2} = \begin{cases} 1 \\ -6 \end{cases}$$

EV zu $\lambda_{1/2} = 1$:

$$\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -2 & 0 & \\ 3 & -6 & 0 & \\ 2 & -4 & 0 & \\ \hline 1 & -2 & 0 & \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x_1 - 2x_2 = 0, x_1 = 2x_2, \\ x_2 = C, x_3 = D \end{array} \quad \text{EV: } C \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, D \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

EV zu $\lambda_3 = -6$:

$$\begin{array}{ccc|c} 6 & 2 & 0 & \\ 3 & 1 & 0 & \\ 2 & -4 & 7 & \\ \hline 3 & 1 & 0 & \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \\ 14 & 0 & 7 & \\ \hline 3 & 1 & 0 & \\ 2 & 0 & 1 & \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} 3x_1 + x_2 = 0, x_2 = -3x_1 \\ 2x_1 + x_3 = 0, x_3 = -2x_1 \end{array} \quad \text{EV: } E \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 3 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{x}(t) = C \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} e^t + D \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^t + E \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 3 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} e^{-6t}, \quad \vec{x}(0) = C \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + D \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} + E \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 3 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -2 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 0 & -1 & 3 \\ 1 & 0 & 3 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & -1 \\ \hline 1 & 0 & 3 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 2 & 0 & -1 & 3 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 3 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & -7 & 7 \\ \hline 1 & 0 & 3 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 \end{array}$$

$$\underline{\underline{\vec{x}(t) = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} e^t + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^t - \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 3 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} e^{-6t} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} e^t + \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -3 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} e^{-6t}, \text{ d.h. } \begin{array}{l} x(t) = 2e^t + e^{-6t} \\ y(t) = e^t - 3e^{-6t} \\ z(t) = e^t - 2e^{-6t} \end{array}}$$