

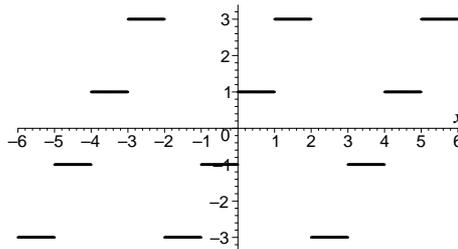
Aufgabe 14.30

Die Funktion $f(x) = \begin{cases} -3, & -2 < x \leq -1 \\ -1, & -1 < x \leq 0 \\ 1, & 0 < x \leq 1 \\ 3, & 1 < x \leq 2 \end{cases}$ werde 4-periodisch fortgesetzt.

- Skizzieren Sie die Funktion!
- Entwickeln Sie die Funktion in eine Fourierreihe!
- Gegen welche Funktion konvergiert die Fourierreihe?

Lösung:

a)



b) Periodenlänge $T = 4$, $f(x) \sim \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} a_k \cos \frac{k\pi}{2}x + b_k \sin \frac{k\pi}{2}x$

$a_k = 0$, $k=0, 1, 2, \dots$, da $f(x)$ ungerade

$$b_k = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-2}^2 f(x) \sin \frac{k\pi}{2}x dx = \int_0^2 f(x) \sin \frac{k\pi}{2}x dx = \int_0^1 \sin \frac{k\pi}{2}x dx + 3 \int_1^2 \sin \frac{k\pi}{2}x dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{-\cos \frac{k\pi}{2}x}{\frac{k\pi}{2}} \right]_0^1 - \left[\frac{3 \cos \frac{k\pi}{2}x}{\frac{k\pi}{2}} \right]_1^2 = \frac{-\cos \frac{k\pi}{2} + 1}{\frac{k\pi}{2}} - 3 \frac{\cos k\pi - \cos \frac{k\pi}{2}}{\frac{k\pi}{2}}$$

$$k \text{ ungerade: } b_k = \frac{1}{\frac{k\pi}{2}} - 3 \frac{-1}{\frac{k\pi}{2}} = \frac{4}{\frac{k\pi}{2}} = \frac{8}{k\pi}$$

$$k = 4n: \quad b_k = \frac{-1+1}{\frac{k\pi}{2}} - 3 \frac{1-1}{\frac{k\pi}{2}} = 0$$

$$k = 4n+2: \quad b_k = \frac{-(-1)+1}{\frac{k\pi}{2}} - 3 \frac{1-(-1)}{\frac{k\pi}{2}} = \frac{2-6}{\frac{k\pi}{2}} = -\frac{8}{k\pi}$$

$$f(x) \sim \frac{8}{\pi} \left(\sin \frac{\pi}{2}x - \frac{\sin 2\frac{\pi}{2}x}{2} + \frac{\sin 3\frac{\pi}{2}x}{3} + \frac{\sin 5\frac{\pi}{2}x}{5} - \frac{\sin 6\frac{\pi}{2}x}{6} + \frac{\sin 7\frac{\pi}{2}x}{7} \pm \dots \right)$$

$$= \frac{8}{\pi} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\sin(2n+1)\frac{\pi}{2}x}{2n+1} - \frac{8}{\pi} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\sin(2n+1)\pi x}{4n+2}$$

c) Konvergenz gegen $\begin{cases} f(x), & x \notin \mathbb{Z} \\ 0, & x = 2l \\ 2, & x = 4l+1 \\ -2, & x = 4l-1 \end{cases}$