

Aufgabe 6.95

Lösen Sie die Gleichungssysteme

a) $3x + 4y = 14$
 $-5x + 2y = 20$, b) $3x + 4y = 14$
 $-6x - 8y = 14$, c) $3x + 4y = 14$
 $-6x - 8y = -28$

grafisch und rechnerisch!

Lösung:

a) $3x + 4y = 14$

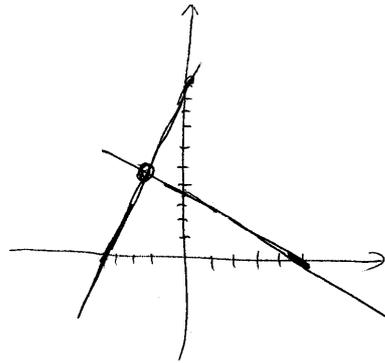
$$y = 0 \rightarrow x = \frac{14}{3}$$

$$x = 0 \rightarrow y = \frac{14}{4} = \frac{7}{2}$$

$$-5x + 2y = 20$$

$$y = 0 \rightarrow x = -4$$

$$x = 0 \rightarrow y = 10$$

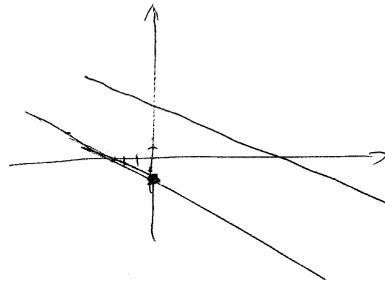


$$\begin{array}{r} 3x + 4y = 14 \quad + \\ -5x + 2y = 20 \quad | \cdot 2 \\ \hline -10x + 4y = 40 \quad - \\ 13x \quad \quad = -26 \\ \hline x = -2, \quad y = \frac{14 - 3 \cdot (-2)}{4} = \underline{\underline{5}} \end{array}$$

b) $-6x - 8y = 14$

$$y = 0 \rightarrow x = -\frac{14}{6} = -\frac{7}{3}$$

$$x = 0 \rightarrow y = -\frac{14}{8} = -\frac{7}{4}$$



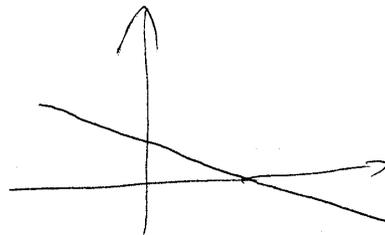
$$\begin{array}{r} 3x + 4y = 14 \quad | \cdot 2 \\ -6x - 8y = 14 \quad + \\ \hline 6x + 8y = 28 \quad + \\ \hline 0 = 42 \end{array}$$

Widerspruch: GS unlösbar
(Geraden parallel)

c) $-6x - 8y = -28$

$$y = 0 \rightarrow x = \frac{28}{6} = \frac{14}{3}$$

$$x = 0 \rightarrow y = \frac{28}{8} = \frac{7}{2}$$



$$\begin{array}{r} 3x + 4y = 14 \quad | \cdot 2 \\ -6x - 8y = -28 \quad + \\ \hline 6x + 8y = 28 \quad + \\ \hline 0 = 0 \end{array}$$

immer erfüllt
(Geraden identisch)

Lösung des GS:

$$x = t, \quad y = \frac{14 - 3t}{4},$$

$t \in \mathbb{R}$, beliebig

$$\begin{aligned} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} &= \begin{pmatrix} t \\ \frac{7}{2} - \frac{3}{4}t \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \frac{7}{2} \end{pmatrix} + t \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -\frac{3}{4} \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \frac{7}{2} \end{pmatrix} + u \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$