

Aufgabe 5.75

Lösen Sie die Gleichung $z^4 - 4z^3 + 6z^2 - 4z + 5 = 0$!

Lösung:

$$z^4 - 4z^3 + 6z^2 - 4z + 5 = z^4 - 4z^3 + 6z^2 - 4z + 1 + 4 = (z-1)^4 + 4 = 0$$

$$(z-1)^4 = -4 = 4(\cos \pi + i \sin \pi) = 4(\cos 3\pi + i \sin 3\pi) = 4(\cos 5\pi + i \sin 5\pi) = 4(\cos 7\pi + i \sin 7\pi)$$

$$z-1 = \begin{cases} \sqrt{2} \left(\cos \frac{\pi}{4} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{4} \right) = 1 + i \\ \sqrt{2} \left(\cos \frac{3\pi}{4} + i \sin \frac{3\pi}{4} \right) = -1 + i \\ \sqrt{2} \left(\cos \frac{5\pi}{4} + i \sin \frac{5\pi}{4} \right) = -1 - i \\ \sqrt{2} \left(\cos \frac{7\pi}{4} + i \sin \frac{7\pi}{4} \right) = 1 - i \end{cases}$$

$$z_{1/2/3/4} = \begin{cases} 2 \pm i \\ \pm i \end{cases}$$

Probe:

$$\begin{aligned} (z-2-i)(z-2+i)(z-i)(z+i) &= ((z-2)^2+1)(z^2+1) \\ &= (z-2)^2 z^2 + (z-2)^2 + z^2 + 1 = z^4 - 4z^3 + 4z^2 + z^2 - 4z + 4 + z^2 + 1 \\ &= z^4 - 4z^3 + 6z^2 - 4z + 5 \end{aligned}$$