

# Initial value/boundary value problems for fractional diffusion-wave equations and inverse problems

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We consider initial value/boundary value problems for fraction diffusion-wave equation:  $\partial_t^\alpha u(x, t) = Lu(x, t)$ , where  $0 < \alpha < 1$  or  $1 < \alpha < 2$ , and  $L$  is a uniformly elliptic operator with smooth coefficients depending on  $x$ . This is a partial differential equation with weakly singular integral: for  $0 < \alpha < 1$ , we define

$$\partial_t^\alpha u(x, t) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(1-\alpha)} \int_0^t (t-s)^{-\alpha} \frac{\partial u}{\partial s}(x, s) ds.$$

First we establish the unique existence of ths strong solutions and the asymptotic behaviour as the time  $t$  goes to  $\infty$  and the proof is based on the eigenfunction expansions. Second for  $\alpha \in (0, 1)$ , we apply the eigenfunction expansions and discuss some inverse problems:

- (i) stability in the backward problem in time,
- (ii) the uniqueness in determing an initial value, and
- (iii) the uniqueness of solution by the decay rate as  $t \rightarrow \infty$ .

This is a joint work with Dr. Kenichi Sakamoto (University of Tokyo).